

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended) A method of performing interactive clinical trials for testing a new drug for cancer related studies, the method comprising:

a) performing a pre-clinical phase in which a computer model for pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of the drug is created and adjusted based on in vitro studies and in vivo studies in animals;

b) performing a phase I clinical ~~research trial~~ in which a clinical trial on at least a single dose is performed in parallel with performing computer simulations ~~studies using~~ of the computer model, wherein the phase I clinical trial comprises a plurality of sub-steps;

c) adjusting the computer model based on comparison of the results of the clinical ~~research trial and to~~ the computer simulations of the model;

d) determination of a maximal tolerated dose, minimum effective dose, and a recommended dose based on the phase I clinical ~~research trial~~, in conjunction with the computer simulations;

e) checking the drug for cumulative effects after administration and providing this information to the computer model;

f) performing multiple simulations using the computer model with different doses and dosing intervals for different indications and patient populations;

g) determining, based on step f simulations results, an optimal regimen for the most responsive patient populations and clinical indications for a phase II clinical trial;

h) performing phase II clinical trial where a number of small scale clinical trials are performed in parallel in order to test the optimal treatment regimen from step g for different pairs of clinical indications and patient populations; based on results of step g;

i) analyzing interim results of step h, to choose the most promising regimens for continued clinical trials;

j) performing phase III clinical ~~research~~ trial for step g chosen clinical indications by step i chosen regimens; and

k) performing phase IV ~~studies~~ clinical trial for post-marketing subpopulation analysis and long term product safety assessment.

2. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein in step b, computer simulations of the model are performed prior to each sub-step of the phase I clinical trial, ~~computer~~

~~simulation is performed~~ to predict results of the sub-step and the predicted results are compared to the phase I sub-step clinical trial results ~~corresponding to the sub-step~~ and the computer model is adjusted based on the comparison.

3. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein ~~prior to step h~~, a first decision whether to continue ~~with~~ the phase II clinical trial is made prior to step h, stopping the trial if an adverse decision is made.

4. (previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein results of step g are used to define clinical indications and define sub-groups of patients most sensitive, susceptible and responsive to the drug.

5. (previously presented): The method of claim 4, wherein effective treatment regimen is defined for a subset of the subgroups.

6. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the computer model is adjusted based on whether the clinical ~~research-trial~~ trial indicates a result higher than a threshold in at least one of pre-clinical, phase I and phase II ~~studies~~ trials.

7. (previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein in step h, the small clinical trials are performed in parallel for a chosen clinical indication by a chosen treatment regimen.

8. (currently amended): The method of claim ~~4~~3, wherein in step i, the most promising trials are chosen for clinical indications most sensitive to the drug administered via the most efficient regimen.

9. (currently amended): The method of claim 8, wherein in step i, a second decision whether to continue ~~with~~ the phase III clinical trial is made, stopping the trial if an adverse decision is made.

10. (withdrawn): The method of claim 9, wherein the second decision is based on a prediction of safety profile of the new drug in the most promising trial compared with safety of pre-existing therapies.

11. (currently amended): The method of claim 9, wherein the ~~second~~ decision is based on a prediction of efficacy profile of the new drug in the most promising trial compared with efficacy of pre-existing therapies.

12. (withdrawn): The method of claim 1, wherein step j is performed to prove safety of the drug.

13. (original): The method of claim 1, wherein step j is performed to prove efficacy of the drug.

14. (previously presented): The method of claim 1, when hitherto unknown effects are discovered in step j, the computer model is adjusted to obtain predictions for new regimens, patient populations and clinical indications.

15. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trials for a new drug for cancer related studies, the comprising a step of performing a pre-clinical phase in which a computer model for pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics is created and adjusted based on in vitro studies and in vivo studies in animals.

16. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trial for a new drug for cancer related studies, the method comprising a step of performing a phase I clinical trial wherein a dose-escalation ~~trial~~ is performed in parallel with computer simulations studies of the computer model to predict results and the prediction is compared with clinical results and the ~~comparing comparison~~ is used to adjust the computer model.

17. (currently amended): A method of performing interactive clinical trials for a new drug for cancer related studies, the comprising: developing a strategy for a next sub-step in phase I clinical trial in conjunction with simulated computer predictions.